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DATE MAILED: 12/08/2003

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/914,704	05/23/2002	Alexander Dyck	1999/F-044	9977
75	90 12/08/2003	•	EXAM	INER
Ashley I Pezzner			MENON, KRISHNAN S	
Connolly Bove 1220 Market St		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P O Box 2207	ieci		1723	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wilmington, D	E 19899		DATE MATER 12/00/200	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

N. A. J. C.	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/914,704	DYCK ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<del></del>
<i>,</i>	Krishnan S Menon	1723	
The MAILING DATE of this communication			• ••
Périod for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR IT THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a relation.  In a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT a statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	1.
Status  1)  ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	10 June 2002		
	This action is non-final.		
,		ro proposition as to the morite is	
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice unit in the practice unit in the practice.			•
Disposition of Claims			•
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2 and 19-44</u> is/are pending in	the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	thdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,19-22 and 24-44</u> is/are reject	cted.		
7) Claim(s) 23 is/are objected to.	4 - 4/2 1 12		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		4)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	• = •		- /-
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for t	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E  * See the attached detailed Office action for 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do since a specific reference was included in 37 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language.	uments have been received.  uments have been received in Apele priority documents have been received in Apele priority documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  The a list of the certified copies not repressive priority under 35 U.S.C. § the first sentence of the specifical	plication No eceived in this National Stage eceived. 119(e) (to a provisional application or in an Application Data She	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do reference was included in the first sentence			
reference was moluded in the mot sentence	or the specification of in all App	ilication Data Oneet. of Of IV 1,70	<i>,</i> .
Attachment(s)	_		
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) □ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9-3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	48) 5) Notice of Inf	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1,2, and 19-44 are pending in this application after the preliminary amendment.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 1. Claims 1,2,19-22, 24,25,27, 28 and 33- 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ozcayir et al (US 5,618,334).

Ozcayir teaches membranes containing the repeat units (I) and (II) of claims 1 and 2 in columns 2-5, where, X can be —CO- as in claim 19, Ar1 and Ar2 can be phenylene or biphenylene as in claim 20, further comprise repeat unit (III) of claim 21, molar proportion of the repeat units (I) and (III) overlaps the range 10-50% and 90-50% respectively as in claim 22 (see col 2 line 15-25), ion exchange capacity falls in the range between 0.5 and 3.0 meq/g as in claim 24 and 37 (col 7 lines 15-30), a membrane comprising a sulfonated polymer as in claim 25 (abstract), polymer component is sulfonated (abstract) as in claim 27. Thickness within 10 and 150 microns as in claim 28 (col 7 lines 40-45)

Ar1 and Ar2 are 1,3-phenylene or 1,4-phenylene as in claims 33 and 34, further comprises the repeating formula (III) of claim 35 (see col 4 lines 35-40), formula II and III range overlaps 10-50% and 50-90% respectively as in claim 36, (col 2 lines 15-25); forms of the polymer in Li salt form (see Table) as in claim 39. Membrane comprises a polyether sulfone, and has thickness in the range 20 and 60 microns as in claim 38 (see structures in cols 2-5; col 7 lines 40-45).

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2. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Ozcayir (334).

Proton conductivity of the membrane, being same material as in the instant claim, is an inherent property of the membrane. Where applicant claims a composition in terms of a function, property or characteristic and the composition of the prior art is the same as that of the claim but the function is not explicitly disclosed by the reference, the examiner may make a rejection under both 35 U.S.C. 102 and 103, expressed as a 102/103 rejection. "There is nothing inconsistent in concurrent rejections for obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103 and for anticipation under 35 U.S.C. 102." In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255 n.4, 195 USPQ 430, 433 n.4 (CCPA 1977). This same rationale should also apply to product, apparatus, and process claims claimed in terms of function, property or characteristic. Therefore, a 35 U.S.C. 102/103 rejection is————appropriate for these types of claims as well as for composition claims.)

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 29-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ozcayir (334).

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Claim 29-31 recites the method for making the membrane, which Ozcayir teaches in col 7 lines 37-54. Ozcayir is not specific whether the polymer is with sulfonic acid groups are alkali metal form. However, Ozcayir teaches both forms (see examples). Also the H-form or the alkali/alkali earth metal form should be equivalent. In this case, the prior art element performs the identical function specified in the claim in substantially the same way, and produces substantially the same results as the corresponding element disclosed in the specification. Kemco Sales, Inc. v. Control Papers Co., 208 F.3d 1352, 54 USPQ2d 1308 (Fed. Cir. 2000). Aprotic solvent as in claim 29 and DMF, DMSO etc as in claim 30 (see col 7 lines 37-53 and examples). Converting from salt to acid form as in claim 31 – see col 7 lines 14-25.

4. Claims 32 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ozcayir (334) in view of Bikson et al (US 5,364,454).

Ozcayir teaches all the limitations of claim 29 as above, except the washing.

Bikson teaches that the method of making membranes from aromatic sulfonated polymers is well known (see col 1 lines 35-40), and therefore, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use such well known method to make the membrane, washing included.

Claims 41-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
 Ozcayir (334) in view of Kawakami et al (4,971,695).

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Ozcayir teaches all the limitations of claim 25. Instant claims are combination of the membrane of claim 25 with fuel cells, capacitor and dialysis apparatus, which Ozcayir fails to teach. Kawakami teaches use of sulfonated hexafluoro polymer membranes in applications of electrochemical membrane (fuel cell, capacitors), such as electrodialysis as a dialysis membrane; and as battery separator membranes (fuel cells, capacitors), etc. (see col 2 lines 28-33). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention that the membrane of Ozcayir is also applicable in such applications as Kawakami teaches, since they are of similar material and of similar characteristics (see examples of Kawakami).

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 23 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The closest prior art is Ozcayir (334) which teaches sulfonated polyimides.

Claim 23 recites a polymer consisting essentially of a specific repeat unit, and such a polymer is not taught by the references, and is non-obvious to polymers disclosed in the references because of its unique structure.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krishnan S Menon whose telephone number is 703-305-5999. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda L Walker can be reached on 703-308-0457. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Krishnan Menon Patent Examiner W. L. WALKER
SUPERVISORY ONTENT EXAMINER
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